Project 2: Sorting Algorithm Presentation

In this assignment, you’ll work in teams (picked randomly by your prof.) to create and deliver a technical presentation about an algorithm—in particular, about a sorting algorithm. The goals of this project are:

- to give you practice understanding a topic well enough to give a technical presentation about it;
- to give you practice giving a technical presentation; and
- to give you more practice working with other students as a team.

Assignment

Choose a sorting algorithm from the following list and give a technical presentation of that algorithm.

- Quick
- Heap
- Radix
- Shell
- Tree
- Comb
- Enumeration
- Interpolation (see our Additional Notes / Readings webpage for a paper on Interpolation Sort)

If your team really wants to present a sorting algorithm not on the list, feel free to ask me about your sorting algorithm of choice! (Common, well-studied algorithms such as Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Mergesort, etc., will not be approved as alternatives.)

For purposes of your presentation, you may assume that the data to be sorted are integers stored in random order in an array. But be sure you understand the algorithm deeper than that. For example, in the question and answer period after your presentation, I may ask you:

- whether the algorithm will work or can be modified to work in the case where the data is stored in a doubly-linked list instead of in an array;
how well your algorithm works on an array that is already sorted, almost sorted, or
sorted in the reverse order; and

- about sorting arrays of data other than integers.

Your Presentation

For your presentation, plan on using up to a maximum of 15 minutes, which means your talk
should take about 12–13 minutes and should leave 2–3 minutes for setup at the beginning
and questions at the end. As with technical presentations in general, it’s good to over-
prepare: Be sure you know your material in more depth than needed for the presentation, so
you can answer questions from the audience (including me!). In particular, you are strongly
encouraged to find other information on your algorithm than what is in our textbook, to be
sure you understand the algorithm thoroughly.

Some things you should include in your presentation (not necessarily in this order!):

- A high-level summary showing how the algorithm works.

- A correctness argument, showing that it always works correctly. This is more directly
  connected to the details of the algorithm, as opposed to the more abstract, high-level
  overview mentioned above.

- A short example that you step through, to give your audience a sense of how the
  algorithm works.

- An implementation of your sorting algorithm.

- A graphical representation (e.g., pictures or an animation) of the array at several
  crucial points during execution.

- A complexity analysis of your algorithm, including what the worst-case and best-case
  (and, if possible and relevant, average case, randomized case, and amortized case) time
  complexities are, and how much space (memory) is needed beyond the original input
  array of data.

You should assume that the audience is unfamiliar with your algorithm and so don’t
assume that they will quickly grasp it. To help prepare for the talk, please be sure to read
the advice on how to give good technical presentations, linked from CS375’s Additional Notes
/ Readings page.

One piece of advice: Presenters are often nervous when speaking for the first time in
front of a crowd; as a result, they may tend to rush. Please try not to do that.

In addition to the presentation itself, you will need to create some supplementary mate-
rial:

- You will need to write up a handout for your presentation and give copies of the
  handout to the audience. An (elegant) implementation of the sorting algorithm would
  be a good thing to include on the handout. (Your handout must be polished, easy to
  read, and free of grammatical errors.)
• You will also need to come up with one or more appropriate homework questions for the rest of the students in the class to do. (One good idea for a homework exercise is to present students with an array of numbers and have students show their work in sorting the array using the algorithm you’re presenting. If you do that, please use an array for which sorting it will actually illustrate key ideas of the algorithm you’re presenting!) The exercise(s) should be due the Wednesday after Break, and on that day, you’ll collect their homework, and you will grade it in time for the class after that, at which point you will turn it in to me so that I can review your grading.

Please make sure your homework exercises for the class are on the handout you give out to the class.

Other Instructions and Details

• You will be required to do a dress rehearsal in front of me, so you must make an appointment with me sometime before the presentation. (My available times: 1:00–4:30pm, Sunday, October 7.) Plan on at least a half hour for the dress rehearsal. You must come to the rehearsal with your handout and slides (if any) and having practiced your talk—the rehearsal is a dress rehearsal, not a draft rehearsal.

So that the dress rehearsal time can be used as effectively as possible, you are strongly encouraged to give a draft rehearsal of your presentation to some friends or other students.

Please note there will be significant deductions to your grade for a poor presentation—including things like poor organization, poor clarity of speaking, or poor knowledge of the material—so please, use the draft rehearsal(s) and dress rehearsal time wisely to polish your work as much as possible.

• You may use any of the whiteboard, the projector, the computer in the classroom, or your own computer if you wish. In any case, be sure and test any equipment ahead of time to be sure it is working properly and that you know how to operate it. Be sure and have a backup plan if the equipment fails immediately before or during your presentation. An equipment failure is not an acceptable excuse for not making a good presentation.

• You are welcome, but not required, to put your talk up on a web page and use that page during the talk and/or use the page for generating your handout.

Some suggestions for getting the audience engaged in the presentation

Dale Skrien gave these suggestions to his students for this assignment, so I’m giving them to you.

• Get the audience to care about the subject. For example, get the presentation started by asking a question whose answer the audience cares about.

• Make the material memorable. (“Remember that awesome talk by Larry, Curly, Moe last year in CS375?”)
• Try for at least one “Oh, cool!” moment.

• Don’t make the audience think about irrelevant things. Keep examples simple and focused.

• Use conversational tones in presentations. Use “I”, “me”, and “we” so that the listener’s brain thinks it’s in a conversation, and therefore has to pay more attention to hold up its end.

• Use pictures/videos/sounds next to written material if you are using a projector (PowerPoint slides or web materials).

• Garr Reynolds, the author of *Presentation Zen*, says, “the principles and techniques for creating a presentation for a conference or a keynote address have more in common with the principles and techniques behind the creation of a good documentary film or a good comic book than the creation of a conventional static business document with bullet points.”

• Something to think about regarding your presentation (also from Garr): “If the audience could remember only one thing (and you’ll be lucky if they do), what do you want it to be?”

Not all of these are obvious or easy to accomplish. Please feel free to ask me questions about them, if you’d like!

**What to Hand In**

Please submit a zipped folder containing the handout (in PDF) along with any presentation materials, such as PowerPoint slides, to the *Dropbox* folder in the CS375 filespace. (Please note: This is not Moodle!) That zipped folder should be named `team_<LETTER>_project2`, where `<LETTER>` is replaced by the letter corresponding to the group in the team assignments. E.g., the folder from team *a* would be called `team_a_project2`.

• Mount the Courses/CS375 filespace (the same way as you would for other courses).

• Go to the *Course Materials* directory, then go to the subdirectory called *Dropbox*.

• Copy your folder into the Dropbox. Please make sure to copy the folder as a single item, not copy the two individual files inside the folder!

Every effort will, of course, be made to ensure the Dropbox works properly this time. It is possible, however, that some bugs might remain. If you’re unsure if your Dropbox submission was successful, please additionally email the material (a PDF of the handout, and the slides or other materials) to me, just as you did for Project 1—it’s fine to email me individual files rather than a zipped folder, if you’d prefer.
In addition, each student is required to individually email me within a day after the project was turned in, telling me:

- how well your group worked together;
- how much (percentage) each member of your group contributed to the project; and
- how many hours you (individually) spent on this project.