Plan

• HW questions?
• Introduction to Numpy
What is Numpy?

- Numpy is a library that supports linear algebra operations.
- Virtually all data science work related to Python uses Numpy.
- Visit Links and Data section of CS251 website for installation instructions on your personal computer.
- Numpy supports two main data structures: **ndarray** (any dimensional array) and **matrix** (always 2 dimensional).
- ndarray and matrix support most of the same methods and features. In CS251, we will focus on matrix (I will point out differences).
- Both work a bit like Python lists, but using Numpy is MUCH more efficient for storing and performing computations on data.
What makes Numpy more efficient than Python lists?

A lot of Python is written in C. Python stores much more in memory than an a single int with a simple assignment like \( x = 1000 \). In the underlying C, this is (\texttt{struct} is like a baby class):

\begin{verbatim}
struct _longobject
{
    long ob_refcnt;
    PyTypeObject *ob_type;
    size_t ob_size;
    long ob_digit[1];
};
\end{verbatim}

- In C, an int assignment like \( x = 1000 \) is literally just 4 bytes stored in memory...no overhead. The above is the cost of Python's dynamic typing.
Numpy vs. Python lists

- Numpy arrays are contiguous blocks of memory (like several ints in C chained together).
- Python lists hold many references to the struct objects, which is a collection of references to other data (VanderPlas, 2016).
Let's spend the rest of our time diving into Numpy!